



## University Grading Scale

### Course Grading Scale

Letter grades are assigned the numerical equivalents listed below:

<i>Course grade</i>	<b>Letter grades</b>		<b>Quality Points</b>	<b>Meaning</b>
<b>95 -100</b>	A		4.00	Excellent
<b>90 - 94</b>	A	-	3.67	
<b>87 - 89</b>	B	+	3.33	
<b>83 - 86</b>	B		3.00	Minimum CGPA Graduate
<b>80 - 82</b>	B	-	2.67	
<b>77 - 79</b>	C	+	2.33	
<b>72 - 76</b>	C		2.00	Minimum CGPA Undergraduate
<b>70 - 72</b>	C	-	1.67	
<b>65 - 69</b>	D	+	1.33	
<b>60 - 64</b>	D		1/00	
<b>0 - 59</b>	F		0.67	
<b>F</b>				Fail
<b>I</b>				Incomplete
<b>P</b>				Pass
<b>W</b>				Withdrew
<b>X</b>				Ongoing
<b>NC</b>				No Credit

**Undergraduate:** The **D** grade, an average of 60% is the minimum satisfactory grade in a class. Obtaining an F grade; an average of less than 60% will require the student to retake the course.

**Graduate:** The **B** grade, an average of 80% is the minimum satisfactory grade in a class.

**Doctorate:** The **B** grade, an average of 80% is the minimum satisfactory grade in a class.

### Cumulative GPA

Students' cumulative grade-point averages are based on the standard designation of the four-point scale. Letter grades are assigned the numerical equivalents per credits listed below. Grades are carried to the third decimal and are not rounded.

The grade-point average is determined by dividing the numerical equivalents of the grades earned by the total GPA credits.